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Soda Fountains and Ice-Cream Parlors—Cleaning and Sterilizing of Utensils—Protection of Ingredients Used in Preparation of Drinks, Ices, etc. (Ord. A-205, Apr. 10, 1916.)

SEC. 81. Soft-drink parlors, soda fountains, ice-cream parlors and all places where soft drinks and ices are sold shall wash in running water immediately after using and sterilize at least once daily all glasses, spoons and all other utensils used in such service. All materials and ingredients used in connection with mixing or preparing drinks or ices in soft-drink parlors, soda fountains, ice-cream parlors and all other places where soft drinks and ices are prepared, served or sold, shall be so protected as to exclude flies and dust by suitable covering of paper, glass, wood or metal.

Drinking Water—Source of Supply—Required to be Cleaned or Closed when Contaminated. (Ord. A-205, Apr. 10, 1916.)

SEC. 88. Whenever the health officer finds the water in any well, cistern, or spring, or other source of supply in the city of North Yakima to be impure, contaminated, and unfit for drink, it shall be his duty to serve, or cause to be served on the owner, agent or tenant of the property, a notice in writing that such water shall no longer be used for drinking purposes, and it is hereby made the duty of the health officer to order the closure, filling up, or destruction of any well or cistern, or other source of supply whose waters are found to be impure, unless after proper cleansing it is found that the water is healthful to the satisfaction of the health officer, and when such steps are taken by the health officer, any tenant, owner, agent, or other individual whatsoever who resists, opposes, or attempts in any way to interfere with said work of the health officer, or resists any properly authorized officer in the discharge of his duty, shall be subject to the penalties herein provided.

Buildings—Insanitary Conditions Required to be Remedied. (Ord. A-205, Apr. 10, 1916.)

SEC. 89. Whenever any building, or a part thereof, may become insanitary, or for any reason endanger human health, the health officer shall issue an order, to be affixed conspicuously on the building, and served on the owner, agent, lessee, or occupant thereof, requiring all persons to vacate such building, and discontinue its use at such time as the health officer may determine, which time shall be stated in said order. Any owner, agent, lessee, or occupant of any such building, or part thereof, who shall fail or refuse to comply with said order, shall be subject to the provisions and penalties herein provided, unless he appeals to the city commission within five days, or repairs the building, or cleans the same, or otherwise complies with the requirements of the health officer within the time stated in the order, and it shall thereafter be unlawful to occupy or permit the occupancy of such house, or part thereof, until such order has been complied with.

Lodging Houses—Sanitary Regulation. (Ord. A-205, Apr. 10, 1916.)

SEC. 42. Every lodging house shall be regularly inspected as may be required by the city health officer.

SEC. 43. Lodging houses shall be adequately ventilated in a manner satisfactory to the city health officer.

SEC. 44. At least 400 cubic feet of air space shall be provided for each adult lodger, and for each child under 12 years of age there shall not be less than 200 cubic feet. Neither side of any bed shall at any time be nearer than 2 feet to the side of any other bed. All beds shall be arranged to permit the free circulation of air under them. Sleeping rooms, water-closets, washrooms, and bathrooms shall be thoroughly aired each day, and all beds occupied at night shall be turned over and exposed to the